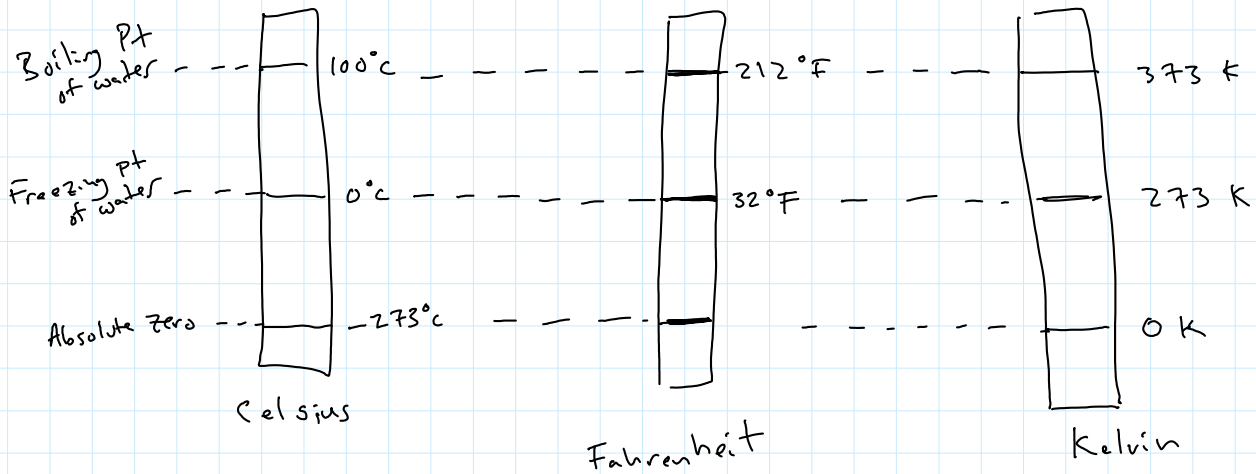


Goals for the Lecture:

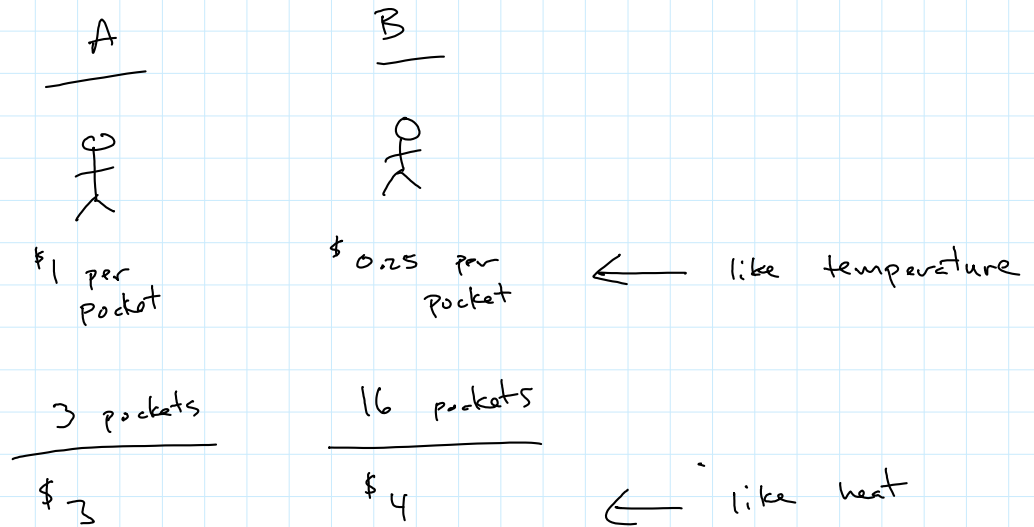
- 1) Introduce myself and the course
- 2) Discuss good study habits
- 3) Understand temperature
- 4) Understand Celsius, Fahrenheit, and Kelvin temperature scales and the pros and cons of each
- 5) Be able to convert temperatures between Celsius, Fahrenheit, and Kelvin temperatures

Temperature → tells us the average KE of the molecules



$$T_F = \frac{9}{5} T_C + 32$$

Heat vs temp



Zeroth Law: if A and B are in thermal equilibrium

with C, then A and B are in thermal equilibrium with each other

→ means we can take something's temperature

Worksheet
P. 253

Top: B is correct, only ΔT

middle: correct

bottom: correct

Heat required to change temp of some substance:

$Q = \text{heat}$

$Q \propto \text{mass}$

$Q \propto \Delta T$

$Q \propto \text{specific heat capacity (material)}$

$Q = c m \Delta T$

Example Problem

Mix $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Liquid water at } 20^\circ\text{C} \text{ (100 g)} \\ \text{and} \\ \text{metal with } c = 750 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}} \text{ (200 g) at } 90^\circ\text{C} \end{array} \right.$

$$c_{\text{water}} = 4186 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}}$$

mix in an insulated container.

Find T_{final}

$$Q_{\text{water}} + Q_{\text{metal}} = 0$$

or

$$|Q_{\text{water}}| = |Q_{\text{metal}}|$$

$$Q_{\text{water}} + Q_{\text{metal}} = 0$$

$$c_{\text{water}} m_{\text{water}} \Delta T_{\text{water}} + c_{\text{metal}} m_{\text{metal}} \Delta T_{\text{metal}} = 0$$

$$\left(4186 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}}\right) (0.1 \text{ kg}) (T_f - 20^\circ\text{C}) + (750) (0.2) (T_f - 90^\circ\text{C}) = 0$$

$$T_f = 38.5^\circ\text{C}$$

Thermal expansion

$$\Delta L = \alpha L_i \Delta T$$

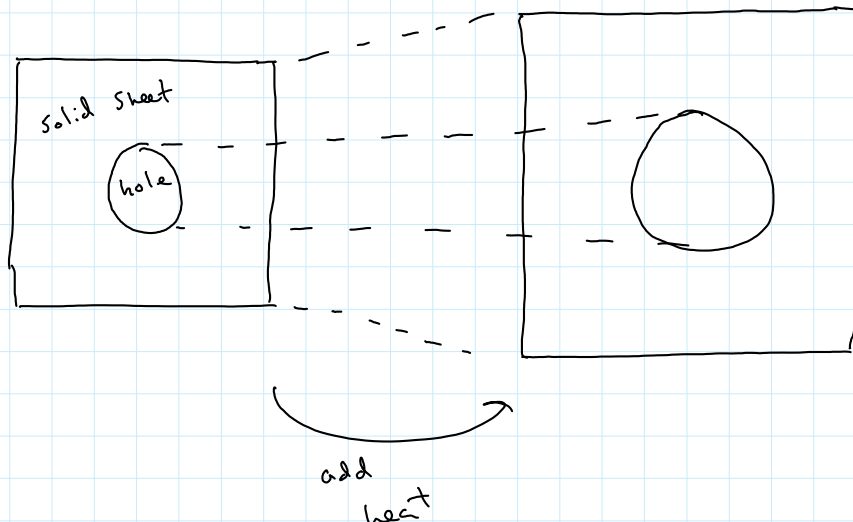
↑
coef. of
linear expansion
(material)

Linear expansion

$$\Delta V = \beta V_i \Delta T$$

volume expansion

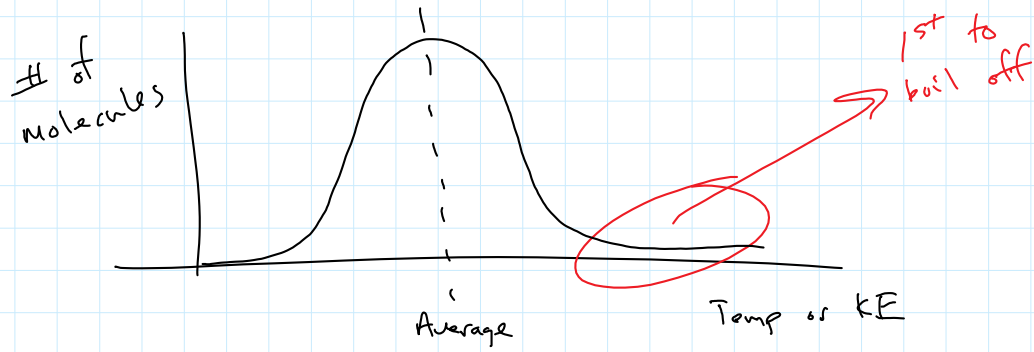
$$\beta \approx 3\alpha$$



everything expands
hole gets bigger

worksheet
p. 254

Top: same temp for both



bottom: student A is correct