## FOOTHILL COLLEGE

## **Integrated Planning & Budget Task Force**

Agenda May 21, 2019 1:00pm-2:00pm

| ITEMS | TOPICS          |
|-------|-----------------|
| 1     | Meeting Minutes |
| 2     | Vocabulary List |

**Members in Attendance:** Eric Reed, Adrienne Hypolite, Doreen Finkelstein, Kristy Lisle, Anthony Cervantes, Melia Arken, Isaac Escoto, Lan Truong, Kurt Hueg, Paul Starer, Elaine Kuo, Teresa Ong, Lene Whitley-Putz, Debbie Lee

## 1) Meeting Minutes

• The committee voted and approved the meeting minutes by consensus.

## 2) Vocabulary List

- The committee reviewed and discussed the vocabulary list. See page 2-4 for approved definitions.
- The committee will continue reviewing the vocabulary list at the next meeting.

For additional information on meeting minutes, please contact Kelaiah Harris at <u>harriskelaiah@fhda.edu</u>.

| Term   | Definition   |
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| Actionable                                   | Capable of being acted upon.   |
|  | For example, Stan's idea to close the equity gap by "ending racism" was well-<br>intended, but far too vague to be <i>actionable</i> .   |
|  | Stan's idea to close the equity gap by having the department faculty enroll in the Foothill course for culturally relevant pedagogy is an example of <i>actionable</i> .   |
| Disproportionate<br>impact                   | Occurs when a subgroup of students attains an outcome at a rate substantially lower than the student subgroup attaining that outcome at the highest rate. Resource for further exploration:  |
|  | https://visionresourcecenter.cccco.edu/sites/default/files/wp-<br>content/uploads/2017/01/ASK-DD-DisproportionateImpact-GSosa-Revised-<br><u>1707-Remediated.pdf</u>   |
| Distinctive                                  | Characteristics of a program, serving to distinguish it from others.   |
| Demonstrable                                 | Capable of being demonstrated, proven, or illustrated through concrete evidence.   |
| Equity Gap                                   | The quantifiable disparity between a disproportionately impacted group and the most successful group. Often used in reference to achievement rates.  |
| Full Time<br>Equivalent Faculty<br>(FTEF)    | Generally equal to the sum of teaching load. A department offering 10 courses at .111 load uses 10x.111 = 1.11 FTEF, regardless of the number of full-time and part-time status of actual instructors.   |
| Full Time<br>Equivalent Students<br>(FTES)   | Equal to the number of total student contact hours divided by 525 (annual number of hours of full-time students). 40 students in a 5 unit lecture course accumulate 40 (number of students) x 5 (number of lecture units) x 11.67 (number of weeks in a standard quarter) = 2334 course contact hours, or 2334/525 = 4.4 FTES  |
| Institutional<br>Learning Outcomes<br>(ILOs) | <ul> <li>Broad, "big-picture" outcomes woven through all aspects of the college that represent the knowledge, skills, and abilities that students will gain as a result of completing their studies. At Foothill, the ILOs cover the 4Cs: <ul> <li>Communication</li> <li>Computation</li> <li>Creative, Critical, and Analytical Thinking</li> <li>Community/Global Consciousness and Responsibility</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

| Learning Outcomes   | Statements that articulate knowledge, skills, or abilities students should have after completing an educational activity (this can range from an individual exercise to a degree or certificate). Outcomes focus on what students can <i>do</i> and should be crafted to reflect an appropriate cognitive level. |
|---|--|
| Non-Success   | Receiving a non-passing grade (D, F, FW, W) in the class with the exception of MW, EW,   |
| Persistence   | Staying enrolled for consecutive terms (e.g., fall to winter persistence is enrolling in both fall and winter quarters)  |
| <b>Productivity</b><br>(including<br>mathematical<br>explanation) | 4-term total Weekly Student Contact Hours (WSCH) / 4-term total Full Time<br>Equivalent Faculty (FTEF), excluding all release/re-assignments.<br>Prod = WSCH/FTEF  |
| Program   | an overarching term that intentionally encompasses both educational programs<br>(courses leading to a defined objective such as a degree, certificate, transfer, etc.)<br>and services that support student success.   |
| Programmatic<br>Factor  | An element specific to a program   |
| Rubric  | The program review rubric articulates institutional expectations, provides formative feedback, and supports self-assessment by carefully articulating goals and standards.   |
| Stabilize   | To maintain at a given or flat level or quantity   |
| Course Success  | Receiving a passing grade in the class (C or above, or P)  |
| Trend   | The general movement of a statistically detectable change over time (i.e., upward, downward, or steady)  |
| Unduplicated<br>headcount   | The number of individual students receiving a service or taking a class. Students may be enrolled in more than one class or receive a service more than once, but they are counted only once.  |
| Within Department<br>Control                                      | Can be acted upon by those in the department through programmatic, curricular, and/or pedagogical activities/actions/goals (e.g., not attributed to the students or the marketing office).   |

| Weekly Student<br>Contact<br>Hours (WSCH)                    | For a section calculation, the number of students enrolled multiplied by the number of contact hours. 40 students in a 5 unit lecture course contribute 200 Weekly Student Contact Hours. Total contact hours for a course is found by multiplying WSCH by TLM (Term Length Multiplier = 11.67). 200 WSCH x 11.67 = 2334 total contact hours.   |
|--|---|
| Program Learning<br>Outcomes (PLOs)                          | Broad and overarching, but speak specifically to knowledge, skills, abilities, and/or attitudes students should acquire after completing a program or using a student service.  |
| How does the<br>college define<br>region? (CTE<br>related) - | California is grouped into seven different areas. Foothill, together with 27 other colleges, is in the Bay region. We are part of the Bay Area California Community Colleges Consortium.  |
| Regional living<br>wage                                      | The minimum income necessary for a worker to meet their basic needs. This living wage is calculated, by CCCCO, California Workforce Development board and various state agencies. The regional living wage is different for each region.  |
| Strong Workforce<br>Outcomes/Metrics<br>for funding          | In the college's state reporting, programs that use SWP funding must report in at<br>least one of the following areas:<br>1) Enrollment<br>2) Completion<br>3) Transfer<br>4) Employment outcomes<br>5) Improved earnings<br>Strong workforce looks for "more and better". The "more" is increasing the<br>number of students enrolled in programs leading to high demand, high-wage<br>jobs. The "better" is improving program quality, as evidenced by more students<br>completing or transferring programs, getting employed or improving their<br>earnings. |