## PROGRAM REVIEW INSTRUCTIONAL DISCIPLINE TEMPLATE

## PROGRAM MISSION STATEMENT

Box 1- Mission Statement:

## PROGRAM LEVEL STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

Box 2- Please list the program level student learning outcomes:

## ENROLLMENT TRENDS

| Enrollment Trends |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 4-yr \%Inc |
| - U Unduplicated Headcount | 63,822 | 62,794 | 62,533 | 61,757 | -3.2\% |
| $\sim \sim C e n s u s$ Enrollment | 320,652 | 321,674 | 318,528 | 305,177 | -4.8\% |
| WSections | 10,149 | 10,402 | 10,453 | 10,718 | 5.6\% |
| WWSCH | 1,468,212 | 1,481,583 | 1,478,113 | 1,418,313 | -3.4\% |
| $\underline{W}$ FTES (end of term) | 32,609 | 32,890 | 32,811 | 31,483 | -3.5\% |
| W/FTEF (end of term) | 917.3 | 939.4 | 939.7 | 941.3 | 2.6\% |
| W $\sim$ Productivity (WSCH/FTEF) | 534 | 526 | 524 | 502 | -5.9\% |

## A. FTES - ENROLLMENT TRENDS

1. Box $3-$ In the data table above, what does the FTES data trend indicate?the data trend shows an increase in FTESthe data trend shows a decrease in FTESthe data trend shows no change

Box 4- Discuss the factors that would help the college understand these trends and whether there are tangible reasons for the increase or decrease. ( 100 words or less)
2. Looking at the data trend, has the faculty/staff discussed proposed actions to stabilize/increase FTES? yesno

Box 5- If yes, describe the proposed actions for stabilizing/increasing the FTES. ( 100 words or less)

## B. SECTIONS - ENROLLMENT TRENDS

1. Box $6-\operatorname{In}$ the data table above, what does the data trend indicate about the number of sections offered?
$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in sectionsthe data trend shows a decrease in sections
$\square$ the data trend shows no change

Box 7- If the data trend shows an increase or decrease in sections, explain why the number of sections increased or decreased. ( 100 words or less)

Box 8- If the data indicates an increase in sections with a decrease in FTES, explain why the number of sections increased while FTES decreased. (100 words or less)

## C. PRODUCTIVITY - ENROLLMENT TRENDS

[WILL INCLUDE PRODUCTIVITY DATA TABLE]

1. Box 9- In the data table above, what does the data trend indicate about the productivity trend?
$\square$ the data trend shows the productivity number increasedthe data trend shows the productivity number decreasedthe data trend shows no change in the productivity number

Box 10- If the data trend shows an increase or decrease in productivity, explain why the productivity increased or decreased. (100 words or less)
2. Does the data trend suggest changes are necessary to improve productivity? $\square$ yes $\square$ no

Box 11- If yes, describe the proposed actions for stabilizing/increasing the productivity number. (100 words or less)

## D. ENROLLMENT BY STUDENT DEMOGRAPHICS

## a. ENROLLMENT BY GENDER

Enrollment Distribution by Student Demographics
by Gender

|  | 2013-14 |  | 2014-15 |  | 2015-16 |  | 2016-17 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent |
| Female | 158,948 | 50\% | 159,115 | 49\% | 158,496 | 50\% | 153,500 | 50\% |
| Male | 161,704 | 50\% | 162,559 | 51\% | 160,032 | 50\% | 151,677 | 50\% |
| Total | 320,652 | 100\% | 321,674 | 100\% | 318,528 | 100\% | 305,177 | 100\% |

1. Box $12-$ In the data table above, what does the data trend indicate about program enrollment by gender?

## FEMALES

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the female enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the female enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for female students

MALES
$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the male enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the male enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for male students

Box 13- If the data trend shows a change in male or female enrollment, explain why there was a change. (100 words or less)
2. Does your program differ in the percentage of males to females compared to the College average?

Box 14- If the data indicates a lack of gender parity in your program as compared to the college percentages, what is the source of that disparity and what is the program doing/planning to address this? (100 words or less)

|  | Enrollment (Headcount) Distribution by Declared Majors in the Program |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013-2014 |  | 2014-2015 |  | 2015-2016 |  | 2016-2017 |  |
|  | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent |
| Female |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

3. Box $15-$ In the data table above, what does the data trend indicate about enrollment (headcount) by gender of declared majors in the program?

## FEMALES

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the female enrollment of the declared major$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the female enrollment of the declared major
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for female students

MALES
$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the male enrollment of the declared major
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the male enrollment of the declared major
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for male students

Box 16- Is there a gender disparity compared to the college for the programs' declared majors? (100 words or less)
4. Do the data suggest changes are necessary to improve female or male enrollment rates?yesno

Box 17- If yes, describe the proposed actions for stabilizing/improving female or male enrollment rates. (Limit your answer to a bullet point for each course)
b. ENROLLMENT BY ETHNICITY

| by Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013-14 |  | 2014-15 |  | 2015-16 |  | 2016-17 |  |
|  | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent | Enr | Percent |
| African American | 15,421 | 5\% | 14,649 | 5\% | 13,610 | 4\% | 12,706 | 4\% |
| Asian | 114,118 | 36\% | 115,047 | 36\% | 116,085 | 36\% | 114,104 | 37\% |
| Filipino | 18,263 | 6\% | 19,335 | 6\% | 20,009 | 6\% | 19,257 | 6\% |
| Latino/a | 72,057 | 22\% | 74,559 | 23\% | 76,125 | 24\% | 74,696 | 24\% |
| Native American | 1,738 | 1\% | 1,574 | 0\% | 1,330 | 0\% | 1,432 | 0\% |
| Pacific Islander | 2,814 | 1\% | 2,779 | 1\% | 2,691 | 1\% | 2,820 | 1\% |
| White | 78,828 | 25\% | 75,098 | 23\% | 71,588 | 22\% | 67,946 | 22\% |
| Decline to State | 17,413 | 5\% | 18,633 | 6\% | 17,090 | 5\% | 12,216 | 4\% |
| Total | 320,652 | 100\% | 321,674 | 100\% | 318,528 | 100\% | 305,177 | 100\% |

1. Box 18 - In the data table above, what do the data trends indicate about program enrollment by ethnicity?

## AFRICAN AMERICAN

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the African Americans enrollment ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the African Americans enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for African Americans students

## ASIAN

the data trend shows an increase in the Asian enrollment ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the Asian enrollment ratesthe data trend shows no change for Asian students
## FILIPINO

the data trend shows an increase in the Filipino enrollment ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the Filipino enrollment ratesthe data trend shows no change for Filipino students
## LATINO/A

the data trend shows an increase in the Latino/a enrollment ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the Latino/a course success ratesthe data trend shows no change for Latino/a students
## NATIVE AMERICAN

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the Native American enrollment ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the Native American course success ratesthe data trend shows no change for Native American students

## PACIFIC ISLANDER

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the Pacific Islander enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the Pacific Islander enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for Pacific Islander students

## WHITE

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the White enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the White enrollment rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for White students

## DECLINE TO STATE

the data trend shows an increase in the decline to state enrollment ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the decline to state enrollment rates$\square$ the data trend shows no change for decline to state students
2. Does your program differ in enrollment distribution among ethnic groups compared to the College?yesno

Box 19- If yes, looking at the categories above, explain changes identified in each category (use a separate bullet point for each category). (100 words or less)
3. Do the data trends suggest programmatic actions are necessary to address disparities in enrollment by ethnicity, including low enrollment within a particular group?yesno

Box 20-If yes, describe the proposed actions for addressing disparities in enrollment by ethnicity within the program. (100 words or less)

## F. STUDENT COURSE SUCCESS

| Course Success |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013-14 |  | 2014-15 |  | 2015-16 |  | 2016-17 |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| Success | 234,112 | 76\% | 235,666 | 77\% | 235,128 | 78\% | 224,164 | 78\% |
| Non Success | 39,972 | 13\% | 39,135 | 13\% | 37,729 | 12\% | 34,027 | 12\% |
| Withdrew | 33,201 | 11\% | 31,396 | 10\% | 29,572 | 10\% | 28,851 | 10\% |
| Total | 307,285 | 100\% | 306,197 | 100\% | 302,429 | 100\% | 287,042 | 100\% |

1. Box 21- In the data table above, what does the data trend indicate about overall course success?
$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the students' course success percentage $\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the students' course success percentage
$\square$ the data trend shows no change

Box 22- Looking at the data, explain what programmatic factors led to such a trend (increase, decrease, no change). (100 words or less)
2. Do the data suggest changes are necessary to improve student course success?
yes no

Box 23-If yes, what actions are program faculty and staff engaged in to improve course success? (100 words or less)

| Course Success for Targeted Groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013-14 |  | 2014-15 |  | 2015-16 |  | 2016-17 |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| Success | 69,637 | 68\% | 72,072 | 69\% | 74,171 | 71\% | 72,066 | 71\% |
| Non Success | 18,530 | 18\% | 18,619 | 18\% | 17,934 | 17\% | 16,304 | 16\% |
| Withdrew | 13,698 | 13\% | 13,186 | 13\% | 12,688 | 12\% | 12,516 | 12\% |
| Total | 101,865 | 100\% | 103,877 | 100\% | 104,793 | 100\% | 100,886 | 100\% |
| Course Success for Non Targeted Groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2013-14 |  | 2014-15 |  | 2015-16 |  | 2016-17 |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| Success | 164,475 | 80\% | 163,594 | 81\% | 160,957 | 81\% | 152,098 | 82\% |
| Non Success | 21,442 | 10\% | 20,516 | 10\% | 19,795 | 10\% | 17,723 | 10\% |
| Withdrew | 19,503 | 9\% | 18,210 | 9\% | 16,884 | 9\% | 16,335 | 9\% |
| Total | 205,420 | 100\% | 202,320 | 100\% | 197,636 | 100\% | 186,156 | 100\% |

1. Box $24-$ In the data table above, what is the observed trend for course success rates for TARGETED GROUPS?
$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the course success percentage
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the course success percentage
$\square$ the data trend shows no change
2. Box 24- In the data table above, what is the observed trend for course success rates for NON-TARGETED GROUPS?
$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the course success percentage
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the course success percentagethe data trend shows no change

Box 25-In the data above, what is the observed trend of the course success gap between disproportionately impacted and non-disproportionately impacted groups? (100 words or less)
3. Does the data suggest that changes are necessary to decrease student course success gap between disproportionately impacted and non-disproportionately impacted groups?yes no

Box 26-If yes, what actions are program faculty and staff engaged in to decrease the course success gap between disproportionately impacted and non-disproportionately impacted groups? (100 words or less)

## F. STUDENT COURSE SUCCESS BY DEMOGRAPHICS

## a. STUDENT COURSE SUCCESS BY GENDER

| Success Rates by Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016-17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | Withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| Female | 113,639 | 80\% | 15,272 | 11\% | 13,932 | 10\% | 142,843 | 100\% |
| Male | 110,525 | 77\% | 18,755 | 13\% | 14,919 | 10\% | 144,199 | 100\% |
| All | 224,164 | 78\% | 34,027 | 12\% | 28,851 | 10\% | 287,042 | 100\% |
|  | 2015-16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | Withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| Female | 118,469 | 79\% | 17,007 | 11\% | 14,092 | 9\% | 149,568 | 100\% |
| Male | 116,659 | 76\% | 20,722 | 14\% | 15,480 | 10\% | 152,861 | 100\% |
| All | 235,128 | 78\% | 37,729 | 12\% | 29,572 | 10\% | 302,429 | 100\% |
|  | 2014-15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | Withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| Female | 118,138 | 79\% | 17,192 | 11\% | 14,821 | 10\% | 150,151 | 100\% |
| Male | 117,528 | 75\% | 21,943 | 14\% | 16,575 | 11\% | 156,046 | 100\% |
| All | 235,666 | 77\% | 39,135 | 13\% | 31,396 | 10\% | 306,197 | 100\% |
|  | 2013-14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | Withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| Female | 117,869 | 78\% | 17,688 | 12\% | 15,779 | 10\% | 151,336 | 100\% |
| Male | 116,243 | 75\% | 22,284 | 14\% | 17,422 | 11\% | 155,949 | 100\% |
| All | 234,112 | 76\% | 39,972 | 13\% | 33,201 | 11\% | 307,285 | 100\% |

2. Box $27-$ In the data table above, what does the data indicate about program course success by gender?

## FEMALES

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the female course success ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the female course success ratesthe data trend shows no change for female students

## MALES

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the male course success ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the male course success ratesthe data trend shows no change for male students

Box 28-If the data trend shows an increase or decrease in the male or female student course success percentages, explain why the percentage increased or decreased for both. (100 words or less)
2. Do the data suggest revisions are necessary to improve female or male student course success percentage rates?
$\square$ yesno

Box 29- What actions are program faculty engaged in to stabilize/increase the course success rates for either male or female. ( 100 words or less)
b. STUDENT COURSE SUCCESS BY ETHNICITY

| Success Rates by Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016-17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| African American | 8,154 | 68\% | 2,191 | 18\% | 1,677 | 14\% | 12,022 | 100\% |
| Asian | 89,827 | 82\% | 10,537 | 10\% | 9,327 | 9\% | 109,691 | 100\% |
| Filipino | 14,286 | 77\% | 2,332 | 13\% | 2,012 | 11\% | 18,630 | 100\% |
| Latino/a | 49,626 | 71\% | 11,781 | 17\% | 8,827 | 13\% | 70,234 | 100\% |
| Native American | 1,028 | 74\% | 182 | 13\% | 176 | 13\% | 1,386 | 100\% |
| Pacific Islander | 1,809 | 68\% | 454 | 17\% | 384 | 15\% | 2,647 | 100\% |
| White | 52,179 | 82\% | 5,833 | 9\% | 5,927 | 9\% | 63,939 | 100\% |
| Decline to State | 7,255 | 85\% | 717 | 8\% | 521 | 6\% | 8,493 | 100\% |
| All | 224,164 | 78\% | 34,027 | 12\% | 28,851 | 10\% | 287,042 | 100\% |
|  | 2015-16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | Withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| African American | 8,644 | 66\% | 2,637 | 20\% | 1,820 | 14\% | 13,101 | 100\% |
| Asian | 91,697 | 82\% | 11,249 | 10\% | 9,521 | 8\% | 112,467 | 100\% |
| Filipino | 14,921 | 76\% | 2,535 | 13\% | 2,049 | 11\% | 19,505 | 100\% |
| Latino/a | 50,606 | 70\% | 12,762 | 18\% | 8,819 | 12\% | 72,187 | 100\% |
| Native American | 895 | 70\% | 200 | 16\% | 188 | 15\% | 1,283 | 100\% |
| Pacific Islander | 1,813 | 70\% | 457 | 18\% | 328 | 13\% | 2,598 | 100\% |
| White | 55,414 | 81\% | 6,432 | 9\% | 6,176 | 9\% | 68,022 | 100\% |
| Decline to State | 11,138 | 84\% | 1,457 | 11\% | 671 | 5\% | 13,266 | 100\% |
| All | 235,128 | 78\% | 37,729 | 12\% | 29,572 | 10\% | 302,429 | 100\% |
|  | 2014-15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | Withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| African American | 9,009 | 64\% | 2,987 | 21\% | 2,155 | 15\% | 14,151 | 100\% |
| Asian | 90,458 | 81\% | 11,294 | 10\% | 9,740 | 9\% | 111,492 | 100\% |
| Filipino | 14,178 | 75\% | 2,570 | 14\% | 2,130 | 11\% | 18,878 | 100\% |
| Latino/a | 48,885 | 69\% | 13,062 | 18\% | 8,901 | 13\% | 70,848 | 100\% |
| Native American | 1,072 | 70\% | 250 | 16\% | 207 | 14\% | 1,529 | 100\% |
| Pacific Islander | 1,912 | 71\% | 446 | 17\% | 322 | 12\% | 2,680 | 100\% |
| White | 57,788 | 81\% | 6,943 | 10\% | 7,034 | 10\% | 71,765 | 100\% |
| Decline to State | 12,364 | 83\% | 1,583 | 11\% | 907 | 6\% | 14,854 | 100\% |
| All | 235,666 | 77\% | 39,135 | 13\% | 31,396 | 10\% | 306,197 | 100\% |
|  | 2013-14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Success |  | Non Success |  | Withdrew |  | Total |  |
|  | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent | Grades | Percent |
| African American | 9,334 | 63\% | 3,190 | 21\% | 2,375 | 16\% | 14,899 | 100\% |
| Asian | 90,251 | 81\% | 11,064 | 10\% | 10,113 | 9\% | 111,428 | 100\% |
| Filipino | 13,279 | 74\% | 2,586 | 14\% | 2,071 | 12\% | 17,936 | 100\% |
| Latino/a | 47,024 | 68\% | 12,754 | 18\% | 9,252 | 13\% | 69,030 | 100\% |
| Native American | 1,214 | 72\% | 237 | 14\% | 231 | 14\% | 1,682 | 100\% |
| Pacific Islander | 1,836 | 68\% | 506 | 19\% | 372 | 14\% | 2,714 | 100\% |
| White | 59,973 | 79\% | 7,988 | 11\% | 7,865 | 10\% | 75,826 | 100\% |
| Decline to State | 11,201 | 81\% | 1,647 | 12\% | 922 | 7\% | 13,770 | 100\% |
| All | 234,112 | 76\% | 39,972 | 13\% | 33,201 | 11\% | 307,285 | 100\% |

1. Box 30- In the data table above, what does the data trend indicate about program student course success by ethnicity?

## AFRICAN AMERICANS

the data trend shows an increase in the African Americans course success ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the African Americans course success ratesthe data trend shows no change for African Americans students
## ASIAN

the data trend shows an increase in the Asian course success rates$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the Asian course success rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for Asian students

## FILIPINO

the data trend shows an increase in the Filipino course success ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the Filipino course success ratesthe data trend shows no change for Filipino students
## LATINO/A

the data trend shows an increase in the Latino/a course success rates$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the Latino/a course success rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for Latino/a students

## NATIVE AMERICAN

the data trend shows an increase in the Filipino course success ratesthe data trend shows a decrease in the Filipino course success ratesthe data trend shows no change for Filipino students
## PACIFIC ISLANDER

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the Pacific Islander course success rates
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the Pacific Islander course success rates $\square$ the data trend shows no change for Pacific Islander students

## WHITE

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the White course success rates
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the White course success rates
$\square$ the data trend shows no change for White students

## DECLINE TO STATE

$\square$ the data trend shows an increase in the decline to state course success rates
$\square$ the data trend shows a decrease in the decline to state course success rates $\square$ the data trend shows no change for decline to state students

Box 31- If the data trend shows a decrease in any of the student ethnic groups' course success rates, explain why the percentage decreased for each. (address each ethnic group by bullet point)
2. Do the data indicate a gap in course success for any of the ethnic groups as compared to other groups as compared to the program percentages?yes $\square$ $\square$ no

Box 32-If yes, describe the reasons for the gap in course success as compared to the program percentages. (100 words or less)
3. Do the data indicate a gap in course success for any of the ethnic groups as compared to other groups as compared to the College percentages?yes no

Box 33- If yes, describe the reasons for the gap in course success as compared to the college percentages. (100 words or less)
4. Do the data suggest that revisions are necessary to improve program course success equality?yes $\square$ no

Box 34- If yes, describe the proposed actions for stabilizing/improving the course success by ethnicity. ( 100 words or less)

